

Lecture time: 1 pm

Midterm Exam 1

Math 0220

Spring 2015

Name: _____

No calculators, no books. Show all your work (no work = no credit). Write neatly. Simplify your answers when possible.

1. Find the limit, if it exists. If the limit does not exist explain why. You may use any method except the L'Hospital's Rule.

(a) (8 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - 1}{x+2}$

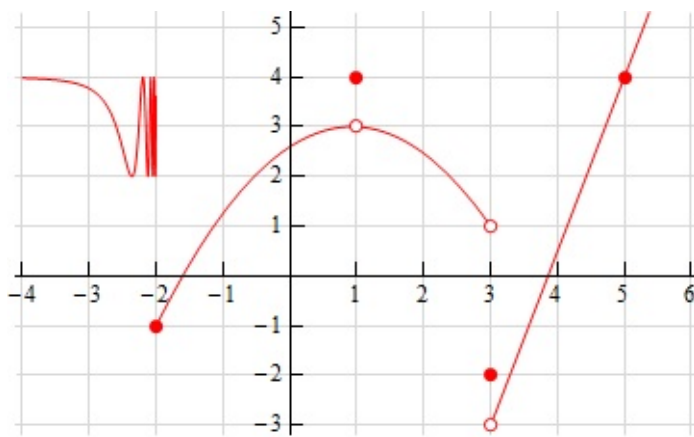
(b) (8 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{|x+1|}$

(c) (8 points) $L = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(5+h) - f(5)}{h}$, where $f(x) = x^3$.

(d) (8 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\cos(3x)}{5x}$

2. (5 points) Determine the equation of the line which passes through the points $(12, 6)$ and $(8, -2)$. Write it in the Slope-Intercept form.

3. For the function $f(x)$ graphed below find the following values. If they do not exist state the reason.



(a) (1 point) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$

(b) (1 point) $f(1)$

(c) (1 point) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$

(d) (1 point) $f(3)$

(e) (2 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x)$

(f) (2 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x)$

4. (10 points) Explain why the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-3}{|x-3|} & \text{if } x \neq 3 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 3 \end{cases}$$

is discontinuous at $x = 3$. Is the discontinuity removable? State the reason why.

5. The position of a particle is given by the function $s(t) = t^2 - t + 2$

(a) (5 points) Determine the average velocity on the interval $[3, 3 + h]$. Simplify your answer.

(b) (5 points) Determine the instantaneous velocity at time $t = 3$.

6. Find the derivatives the following functions. Mention rules used. You do not need to simplify your answer.

(a) (6 points) $f(x) = \sin^3(2x) + x\sqrt{x}$

(b) (6 points) $f(x) = \frac{5x^4 - x^2}{\tan(2x)}$

(c) (6 points) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 3x + 4}{2x + 6}}$

7. (7 points) Calculate $y'(0)$ if $x \cos(x + y) = (xy)^3 + y$ where $y = y(x)$.

8. (10 points) A car runs along an elliptic track which has the path

$$2x^2 + 5y^2 = 38$$

measured in miles. As it reaches the point $(3, 2)$, the x -coordinate of its path is changing at the rate of 100 miles per hour. At what rate is the y -coordinate changing?

bonus problem (10 points extra) Find the limit $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(\pi + x) + 1}{x}$ if it exists.

If it does not exist explain why. Show all work. No L'Hospital's Rule is allowed.