$\operatorname{Fall}\,2016$

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No calculators, no books. Show all your work (no work = no credit). Write neatly. Simplify your answers when possible.

1. (a) (15 points) Solve the initial value problem $x' = 1 + x \tan t$, x(0) = 5

(b) (5 points) Find the interval of existence.

2. (15 points) Solve the initial value problem $y' = \frac{\sin x}{2y}$, $y(\pi) = -2$.

3. (15 points) Consider a simple RLC circuit with $R=2~\Omega,~C=\frac{1}{4}~\mathrm{F},~E=12~\mathrm{V}$ and there is no inductor. Find I(t) if $I(0)=2~\mathrm{A}$.

4. (15 points) For the initial-value problem

$$y' = \frac{y}{t}, \qquad y(1) = 2$$

find an approximate value of y(1.2). Use Euler's method with the step size h=0.1. Simplify your answer.

- 5. A 2-kg mass when attached to a spring, stretches the spring to a distance of 4.9 m.
 - (a) (5 points) Calculate the spring constant.
 - (b) (10 points) The system is placed in a viscous medium that supplies a damping constant $\mu=6$ kg/s. The system is allowed to come to rest. Then the mass is displaced 2 m in the downward direction and given a sharp tap, imparting an instantaneous velocity of 1 m/s in the downward direction. Find the position of the mass as a function of time.

- 6. For the equation $y'' 4y' 5y = 12e^{-t}$.
 - (a) (5 points) Find the fundamental set of solutions of the corresponding homogeneous equation.

(b) (10 points) Find a particular solution by using the method of undetermined coefficients.

(c) (5 points) Find the general solution.

bonus problem (15 points extra) Suppose y(x) is a differentiable nonnegative function with y(0) = 0. Find y(x) if the area under the curve y = y(x) from 0 to x (x > 0) is always equal to one fourth the area of the rectangle with vertices at (0,0) and (x,y(x)).