Fall 2016 Name:

No calculators, no books. Show all your work (no work = no credit). Write neatly. Simplify your answers when possible.

1. (15 points) By using Laplace transform solve the initial-value problem

$$y'' + 4y = 4\cos 2t$$
,  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ 

Do not use the convolution.

2. Consider the initial-value problem y' + y = g(t), y(0) = 0, where

$$g(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for } 0 \le t < 3 \\ t, & \text{for } t \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

(a) (5 points) Describe the function g(t) in terms of the Heaviside function.

(b) (10 points) By using Laplace transform solve the initial-value problem. Do not use the convolution. Hint:

$$\frac{3s^2+1}{s^2(s+1)} = -\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s+1}$$

(c) (5 points) Create a piecewise definition for your solution y(t) that does not contain the Heaviside function.

3. (20 points) Use Laplace transform and the convolution to find a solution to the initial-value problem

$$y'' + 4y = 2\sqrt{t}$$
,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = -6$ 

4. For the homogeneous linear system

$$y'_1 = y_1 + 2y_2$$
  
 $y'_2 = -y_1 + 4y_2$ 

(a) (3 points) Find the corresponding  $2 \times 2$  matrix A

(b) (5 points) Find eigenvalues of the matrix A

(c) (9 points) Find eigenvectors of the matrix A

(d) (5 points) Find the general solution of the system

(e) (3 points) Find  $y_1(t)$  and  $y_2(t)$ .

$$y' = (y - 2)(4y - 3x)$$

 $x' = 2xy - x^3$ 

- (a) (13 points) find x-nullcline and y-nullcline. Draw a plot.
- (b) (7 points) find equilibrium points. Clearly mark them on the plot.

bonus problem (10 points extra) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the function

$$G(s) = \frac{s-3}{(s^2 - 6s + 10)^2}$$

Your score is	
(out of 100)	
Do not write above this line	