## Quiz 2

Summ	er	2011
Math	11	80

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1. [5 points] Use the Gauss-Jordan method to find the inverse  $A^{-1}$  of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. [5 points] Compute  $B^8$  and  $B^9$  if

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

3. [5 points] We know that  $(AB)^T = B^TA^T$ . Using induction prove, that for all  $n \ge 1$ ,

$$(A_1 A_2 \cdots A_n)^T = A_n^T \cdots A_2^T A_1^T.$$

bonus problem [5 points extra] If A is any matrix, to what is  $\operatorname{tr}(AA^T)$  equal?