Kinematics Graphs – Video Analysis

Phys 141 \rightarrow slowing down in positive direction Video: SloAway

Phys $151 \rightarrow$ slowing down in positive direction Video: SloAway and

> speeding up in negative direction Video: SpeedTo

For each motion under investigation perform the following tasks.

Instructor

- defines positive and negative directions
- demonstrates the motion with a fan cart on a level track
- take data of x and t from the movie for the whole class (these movies are on the desktops and students can view them independently.)

Students

- hand plot x vs t (see instruction below)
- use the graph to find velocity at one instant
- plot x vs t using logger pro
- curve fit data, then print graph
- interpolate data, then use the "slope feature" to get five data points for velocity
- hand plot v vs t
- from the graph of v vs t determine the acceleration
- Draw a motion diagram (see instruction below)

In the conclusion of the report include the numerical results and a description of the shape of each graph. Use terms like "parabola opening up or down" or "straight line with positive or negative slope".

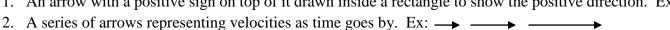
Plotting Graphs By Hand

- Pick a scale so the graph takes up most of the page.
- Label the axes and indicate units in parentheses.
- Put the data points on the graph, then draw a smooth curve or line through the data points.
- When calculating slope, do not use the data points. Pick two points on the line and mark them on the graph. Carry units when you record the coordinates of a point from the graph.

Motion Diagram

A motion diagram consists of three parts.

1. An arrow with a positive sign on top of it drawn inside a rectangle to show the positive direction. Explanation of the control of the cont



3. Another arrow drawn above or below the velocity vectors to show the direction of acceleration, and labeled with "a" for "acceleration. Ex:

Here is the complete motion diagram for an object moving in the positive direction as speeding up:

