

# ECE 1175 - Homework 2 Solutions

## Question 1

Each program trying to access the shared memory should use the following code to ensure mutual exclusion.

```
// attempt lock, and test if success or not
TestAndSet(){
    oldValue = peek(LOCK);
    poke(LOCK, true);
    return oldValue;
}

// wait until lock is acquired
while(TestAndSet());

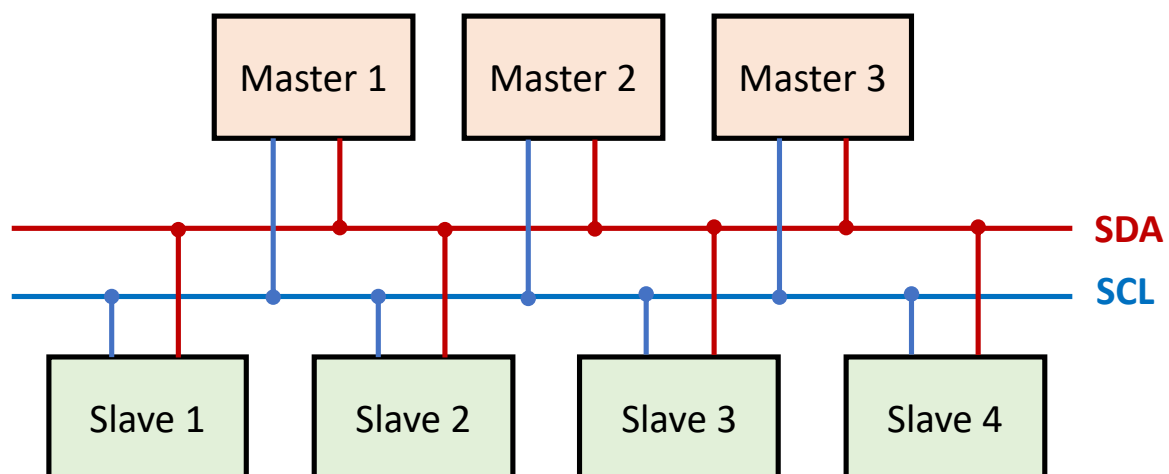
// proceed to r/w the locked memory
// ...

// release lock after r/w is finished
poke(LOCK, false)
```

## Question 2

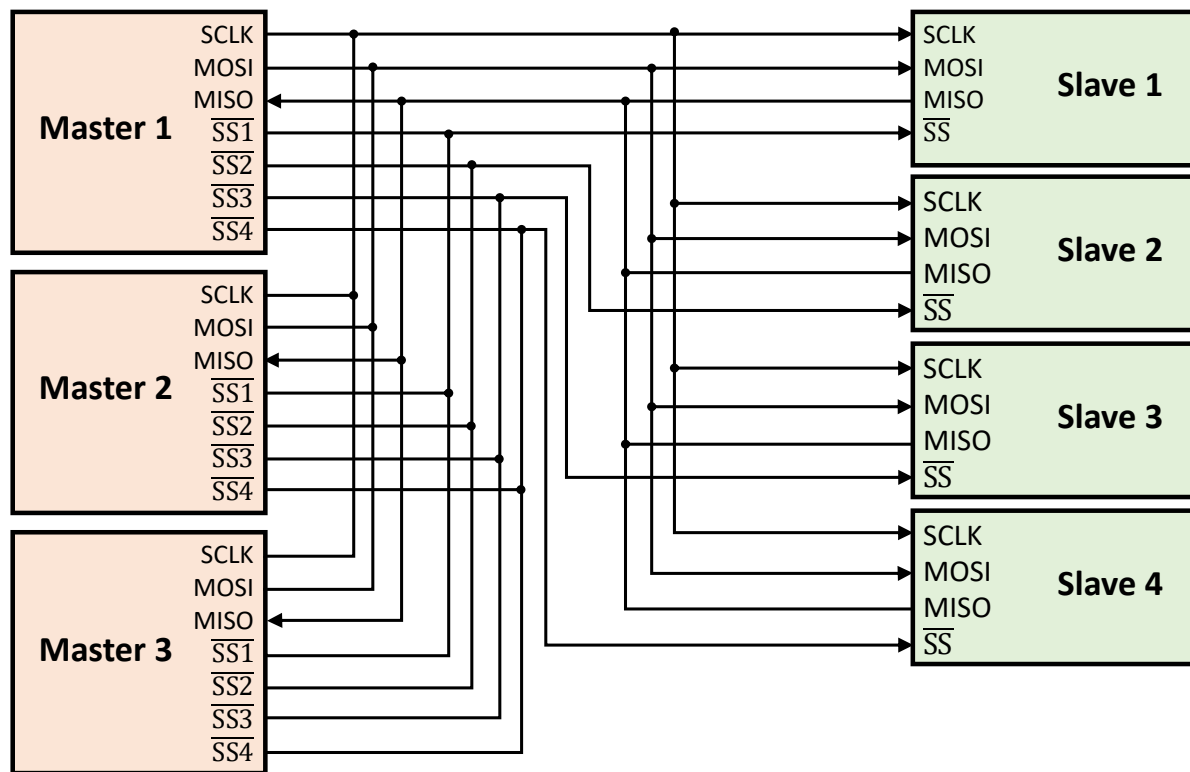
### I2C connection

Simply attach all the masters and slaves to the SDA and SCL in parallel. And let the protocol itself to deal with signal collision on lines.



## SPI connection

Please refer to the block diagram on page 20 of Practical I/O Interfaces lecture slides. Each master should be connected with all the slaves in the same way.



## Question 3

### I2C r/w

The duration for each clock cycle should be

$$T_c = \frac{1}{10 \text{ MHz}} = 10^{-7} \text{ s}$$

The number of clock cycles consumed by each r/w of 1kB data should be (address + w/r + data transfer + ack)

$$N_{r/w} = (7 + 1 + 1) + 1000 \times (8 + 1) = 9009$$

1k times of r/w lasts

$$T = 1000 \times N_{r/w} \times T_c = 0.9009 \text{ s}$$

### SPI r/w

The number of clock cycles consumed by each r/w of 1kB data should be (instruction + data transfer)

$$N'_{r/w} = 8 + 1000 \times 8 = 8008$$

1k times of r/w lasts

$$T' = 1000 \times N'_{r/w} \times T_c = 0.8008 \text{ s}$$

## Question 4

Assembly code is very architecture-specific. It's OK to use other instruction sets (e.g. MSP430) if you are not familiar with ARM.

```
MOV r0, #0    ; i
MOV r1, #0    ; num1
MOV r2, #0    ; num2
loop:
CMP r0, #5
BGE else      ; branch if i >= 5
ADD r1, r1, #1 ; num1++
BL endif
else:
ADD r2, r2, #1 ; num2++
endif:
ADD r0, r0, #1 ; i++
CMP r0, #10
BLE loop      ; continue if i <= 10
```